We have discussed the following.

1. (a) Suppose u is harmonic function on \mathbb{C} , then whenever B(p,r) is inside the domain of u,

$$u(p) = \oint_{B(p,r)} u(x) \, dx.$$

Hints: u = Re(f) for some analytic function f, then use the cauchy integral formula.

- (b) And hence we have strong maximum principle: If u is harmonic function such that $u(x_0) = \sup_{\Omega} u$ for some interior point x_0 , then u is constant.
- 2. Show Jensen formula by using the mean value property for harmonic functions.

Hints: By dividing the conformal change of zeros, we may assume $f \neq 0$, hence we may apply mean value theorem on harmonic function $\log |f|$.

- 3. (a) We show the Schwarz lemma. (see textbook)
 - (b) (Borel Caratheodory theorem) Suppose f is analytic on B(R). Then for $r \in (0, R)$, we have the following inequality relating real part of f with f.

$$\sup_{B(r)} |f| \le \frac{2r}{R-r} \sup_{B(R)} Re(f) + \frac{R+r}{R-r} |f(0)|.$$

(c) We give a alternative way to show Lemma 5.5 in Ch5 by the mean of the above theorem.